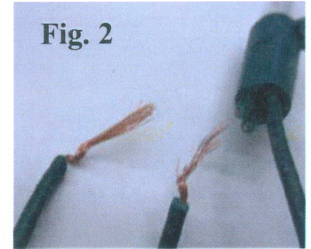
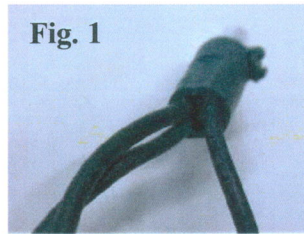


LED Keeper PODs:

Directions for use on three-wire bulbs

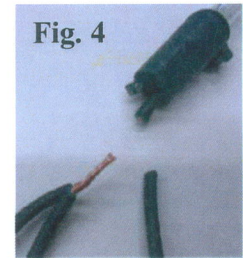
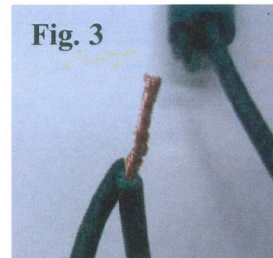
STEP 1:

Two of the three wires will come out of one side of the bulb socket (FIG 1). Once the two wires have been identified, these two wires are the ones that need to be kept together throughout the entire process. That third wire will be dealt with separately.



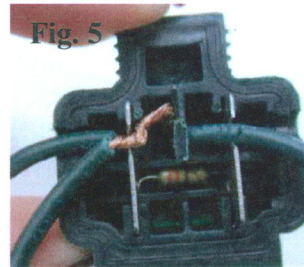
STEP 2:

With the light set unplugged, you can cut the two wires that are going to be kept together (FIG 2). Attempt to cut as close to the bulb socket as possible. You will need to strip the wire a bit in order to reveal more of the copper on the ends of each wire. Then, twist that copper together to create one wire (FIG 3).



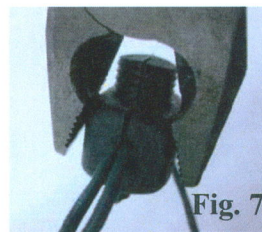
STEP 3:

Next, cut that third wire from the bulb, getting rid of that faulty bulb or socket (FIG 4). This wire will not need to be stripped. Now, in essence, you are only working with two wires since you connected those original two together. One wire will go into one metal channel, while the other two (that have been combined) should be seated in the opposite metal "v" channel (FIG 5).



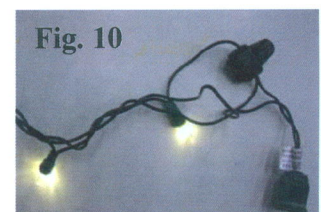
STEP 4:

The trick here will be that you will need to have the wires on top of one another (FIG 6), which will make closing the POD tough. Consider using pliers to assist you or something of the sort (FIG 7).



STEP 5:

After the wires are set and the POD is sealed with the cap (FIG 8 & 9), you can now use your light set (FIG 10).



Caution:

We do not advise using your light set outdoors if you have placed a POD on a three-wired bulb due to the POD being unable to seal properly.